# Your priority is getting to total depth. Our priority is making it happen.

The DBI range of Tungsten Carbide Insert (TCI) and Milled Tooth Bits are designed for high durability, increased ROP and optimum drilling performance and are manufactured with different bearing designs to suit each drilling application.

DBI designs, customizes and manufactures drilling and well construction products that reduce complexity, risk, and help solve real-world challenges. We are practical innovators.

Since 1975 the Nashik plant has been manufacturing drill bits for the mining and petroleum industries, placing emphasis on product line expansion and technical advancements. The improvements made in blast hole drill bit cutting structures has resulted in higher rates of penetration and longer bit life and metallurgical advancements include new tougher grades of tungsten carbide for hardfacing and profiled TC inserts

Our drilling and well construction products - many of them unique -are widely recognized for their innovation, simplicity, and effectiveness in ensuring that clients reach TD as quickly and as cost effectively as possible. We call it practical innovation.

# Quality

DBI is committed to delivering the highest quality engineering, design, manufacturing, sales, training and after sales support services.

We are exceeding industry quality standards and customer expectations at every step of the product development process. This includes the planned and systematic monitoring, testing and documenting of all practices as well as alignment with all recognized global standards, such as ISO and API.

By manufacturing many of our key products at strategically located manufacturing facilities, we monitor and control the quality of our products in-house, ensuring that no opportunity for improvement is lost.

All products manufactured at our facility in Nashik, India are certified to ISO 9001: 2015 standard with the Rock Roller Bits certified to carry the API monogram.



The Journal Bearing Bit is a result of intensive efforts by our engineers at developing and perfecting this critical component. The improved Journal Bearing Bit incorporates the following features:

#### **Features**

Be-Cu special alloy bushing pressed in the cone to contact the special hard metal inlay bearing surface of leg journal. The Be-Cu bushing transfers the heat from the bearing interface and minimizes bearing surface wear for longer life.

Carburized cone thrust surface and hard metal inlay on leg pin bearing.

Carburized cone pin bearing and hard metal inlay on leg pin bearing.

Hydrogenated nitrile rubber (HNBR) seals: The HNBR compound has higher wear resistance, higher temperature resistance and greater tensile strength than the standard NBR compound. All of these properties help to provide a longer sealing life.

Silver plated Be-Cu special alloy bearing components: Silver acts as solid lubricant, which reduces friction, dissipates heat quickly and reduces galling under heavy load conditions.

Improved hard-facing material to enhance teeth life.

Specially formulated high temperature lubricant with extreme pressure additives for longer bearing life.

- Be-Cu Fixed Bushing
- 2 HNBR O-Ring
- Ball Bearing
- Be-Cu Thrust Washer
- Spindle Bearing





# **Soft Formations**

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2
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	Bearing IADC Type		Weight (l	Weight (lb/in RPM		Formation			
			Code		bit diame	ter)			
	Journal		116	G11F	2,000-5,0	00 7	0-100	Soft	
Î	Bearing		117	G11FH					
			126	G12F	2,000-6,0	00 6	0-120	Soft Abrasive	
			127	G12FH					
	136	G13F	3.00	00-7,000	60-110	Mediu	m Soft	and	—
			,	with Hard					

Streaks

Available Sizes: 6", 6-1/8", 6-1/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-1/2", 8-3/4", 9-7/8", 12-1/4"

# **Medium to Hard Formations**

. 840	Bearing	IADC Type Code		Weight (lb/in RPM bit diameter)		Formation	
	Journal Bearing	216 217	G21F G21FH	3,000-8,000	50-80	Medium Hard	
	-	236 237	G23F G23FH	3,000-9,000	50-80	Medium Hard with high compressive strength	
		316 317	G31F G31FH	4,000-9,000	45-70	Hard	
		32F 32FH	4,000-9,000	45-70 Hard A	brasive		

Available Sizes: 6", 6-1/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-1/2", 8-3/4", 9-7/8", 12-1/4"

# TCI Journal Bearing Bit



Bearing	IADC Type	ype Weight (lb/in RPM		Formation
	Code	bit diameter)		
Journal	4-2-7 G42FH	1,500-3,500	60-120	Soft Soft
Bearing	4-3-7 G43FH	1,500-3,500	60-120	
	5-1-7 G51FH	2,000-4,000	50-110	Soft
	5-3-7 G53FH	2,500-5,000	50-80	Medium Soft
	7 2 7 672511	2 000 C 000	FO 110	l la nal
	7-3-7 G73FH	3,000-6,000	50-110	Hard

Available Sizes: 6", 8-1/2", 9-7/8", 12-1/4"



# Milled Tooth Sealed Bearing Bit

Sealed Bearing bits employ improved bearing sealing arrangement, lubrication and grease reservoir systems to increase drilling hours and reduce the occurrence of early seal failure. The specific seal gland design helps to retain the seal in the center of the gland, thereby reducing the spiralling and twisting which normally leads to excessive heat build-up and wear.

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Sealed	114	G11S	2,000-6,000	75-250	Soft	
Bearing	115	G11SH				
	124	G12S	2,000-6,000	75-250	Soft Abrasive	
	125	G12SH				



# **Formations**

Beari	_	IADC Type Code	Weigh bit dia	t (lb/in RPM meter)	Formation
134	G13S	3,000-7,000	60-175	Medium Soft	and
135	G13SF	I Soft with Hard	k		
					Streaks

Available Sizes: 6", 6-1/4", 6-3/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-1/2", 8-3/4", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12", 12-1/4", 13-1/2", 14-3/4", 16", 17", 17-1/2"

# **Medium to Hard Formations**

Bearing	IAD( Code	Туре	Weight (lb/ir bit diameter)		Formation
Sealed Bearing	214 215	G21S G21SH	3,000-8,000	50-120	Medium Hard
	234 235	G23S G23SH	3,000-9,000	50-90	Medium Hard with high compressive strength
	314 315	G31S G31SH	4,000-9,000	45-75	Hard
	324 325	G32S G32SH	4,000-9,000	45-75	Hard Abrasive

Available Sizes: 6", 6-1/4", 6-3/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-1/2", 8-3/4", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12", 12-1/4", 13-3/4", 16", 17", 17-1/2"

# TCI Sealed Bearing Bit

	Bearing	IADC Type	Weight (lb/in	1 RPM	Formation
- State of		Code	bit diameter)		
A STATE OF	Sealed	4-4-5 G44SH	1,500-4,000	60-110	Soft <sup>1</sup>
	Bearing	5-1-5 G51SH	2,000-4,500	50-100	Soft <sup>2</sup>
		5-3-5 G53SH	2,500-5,000	50-80	Medium Soft <sup>2</sup>
10/		6-1-5 G61SH	2,500-5,500	45-65	Medium Hard
		6-2-5 G62SH	3,000-6,000	50-160	Hard <sup>3</sup>
		6-3-5 G63SH	3,000-6,000	45-85	Hard¹



# Milled Tooth Open Bearing Bit

Open Bearing bits withstand effectively higher pull down loads, impact loads and rotation speeds. The optimized cutting structure design, coupled with improved teeth hard facing material, results in longer life and higher rate of penetration. The Open Bearing bits have two different bearing arrangements. In the first arrangement roller-ball-friction is used on the bit sizes up to 12-1/4" and, in the second type, roller-ball-roller is used on bits larger than 12-1/4". The balanced load distribution is the key design feature. This triple bearing arrangement reduces friction to a minimum and eliminates unbalanced wear in any of the bearings.

Sc	ו	ft
_	11	_

Open	111	G110	2,000-6,000	75-250	Soft
Bearing	113	G110H			
	121	G120	2,000-6,000	75-250	Soft Abrasive
	123	G120H			



# **Formations**

Bearing	IADC Type Code		Weight (lb/ir bit diameter)	Formation	
	131	G130	3,000-7,000	60-175	Medium and Soft
	133	G130H			with Hard Streaks

Available Sizes: 4", 4-1/2", 4-5/8", 4-3/4", 5-5/8", 5-7/8", 6", 6-1/8", 6-1/4", 6-3/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-1/2", 8-5/8", 9-5/8", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12", 12-1/4", 13-3/4", 14", 14-3/4", 15, 16", 17", 17-1/2"

#### **Medium to Hard Formations**

Beari diameter)	ng	IADC Type	Weigh	t (lb/in RPM	Formation	Code bit
	Open Bearing	211 213	G210 G210H	3,000-8,000	0 50-90	Medium Hard
		231 233	G230 G230H	3,000-9,00	0 50-80	Medium Hard with high compressive strength
		311 313	G310 G310H	4,000-9,00	0 45-75	Hard
		321 323	G320 G320H	4,000-9,00	0 45-75	Hard Abrasive

Available Sizes: 4", 4-1/2", 4-5/8", 4-3/4", 4-7/8", 5-5/8", 5-7/8", 6", 6-1/8", 6-1/4", 6-3/4", 7-7/8", 8-3/8", 8-5/8", 8-3/4", 9-5/8", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12", 12-1/4", 13-3/4", 14", 14-3/4", 15, 16", 17", 17-1/2"

**Jet Nozzles** 



Bit Size (inches)	Nozzle Series	Available Sizes (32 <sup>nd</sup> inch)	Center Jet Nozzle Series	Available Center Jet Nozzle Sizes (32™ inch)	Mini Extended Nozzle Series	Available Mini Extended Nozzle Sizes (32™ inch)
6 to 6-3/4	AA	7 to 20	-	-	-	-
7-7/8" to 8-3/4"	BB only for Open Bearing	8 to 28	-	-	CE	7 to 20
7-7/8" to 8-3/4"	CC for Sealed and Journal Bearing	7 to 32	AA	10 to 14	CE	7 to 20
9-7/8" to 12-1/4"	CC	7 to 32	CC	7 to 32	CE	7 to 20
13-1/2" to 17-1/2"	DD	8 to 32	CC	7 to 32	-	-

# **Jet Nozzle Flow Area**

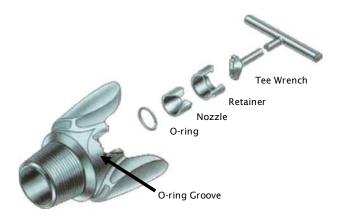
Nozzle	Nozzle Size		w Area of zzle		w Area Flozzles	of 2	Flow Area of 3 Nozzles		
inches	mm		sq inches	s mm²	sq inches	mm²	sq inche	s mm²	
7/32	5.5	7	.0376	24.3	.0752	48.5	.1127	72.7	
8/32	6.4	8	.0491	31.7	.0982	63.4	.1473	95.0	
9/32	7.1	9	.0621	40.1	.1242	80.1	.1864	120.2	
10/32	7.9	10	.0767	49.5	.1534	99.0	.2301	148.4	
11/32	8.3	11	.0928	59.9	.1856	119.7	.2784	179.6	
12/32	9.5	12	.1104	71.2	.2209	142.5	.3313	213.7	
13/32	10.3	13	.1296	83.6	.2592	167.2	.3389	250.9	
14/32	11.1	14	.1503	97.0	.3007	194.0	.4510	291.0	
15/32	11.9	15	.1726	111.4	.3451	222.6	.5177	334.0	
16/32	12.7	16	.1963	126.6	.3927	253.4	.5890	380.0	
18/32	14.3	18	.2485	160.3	.4970	320.6	.7455	481.0	
20/32	15.9	20	.3068	197.9	.6136	395.9	.9204	593.8	
22/32	17.5	22	.3712	239.5	.7424	479.0	1.1137	718.5	
24/32	19.0	24	.4418	285.0	.8836	570.1	1.3254	855.2	
28/32	22.2	28	.6013	387.9	1.2026	775.9	1.8040	1163.9	

# **Installation of Nozzles**

Proper installation of nozzle to prevent washouts

# Standard Jet

- Remove the plastic plug and O-ring from each nozzle housing
- Grease the O-ring and place it in the Oring groove
- Lightly grease the nozzle and retainer threads and screw the nozzle into the nozzle housing. Nozzles and retainers will come from the factory glued together.
- Hand-tighten the retainer with the tee cheater on the tee wrench handle.
  wrench. For best results, do not use a





# **Custom and Special Orders**

# **Center Jet**

A Center Jet is mounted at the center of the bit. They are used to effectively prevent bit balling in sticky formations. Available both in convergent and diffuser type.

# **Gauge Protection Inserts**

Profiled inserts pressed in the outer edge of the gauge face. These protect the gauge of the bit in abrasive formations.

#### **Air Circulation**

This is available in milled tooth and TCI bits to drill with air as a circulation media. Some of the air flow is used to clean and cool the bearings.

# Mini Extended Nozzle

Used to increase RPM in soft to medium soft formations. These nozzles keep the jet flow closer to the hole bottom to maximize hole cleaning and cutting evacuation, especially in soft formations.

# Extra Shirt Tail and Ball Plug Protection

Tungsten Carbide inserts are pressed in the shirt tail area to provide extra protection of ball plug and shirt tail.

# **Body and Shirt Tail Protection**

Additional Protection to the leg, body and shirt tail while drilling in abrasive formations and in directional drilling applications.

#### Nomenclature

Letters are added to the end of bit designation to identify extra features e.g.: G12F becomes G12 FCN when Center Jet and Mini Extended Nozzle are added.

Journal	C – Center Jet	G11S
Sealed	N - Mini Extended Nozzle	G11SH
Open	H - Gauge Protection	G12F
	WW - Water Well Bit (regular circulation)	G12FH
	B - Body and Shirt Tail Protection	G21S
	XX - Extra Shirt Tail Protection	
	A - Air Circulation	

Center Jet Bit type



# G12 FCN

# Mini Extended Nozzle

# **IADC Dull Bit Grading**

# **Cutting Structure**

Inner	Outer	Dull. Char	Location	Bearings/	Gauge	Other Dull	Reason	
				Seals		Char.	Pulled	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

## 1 Inner Cutting Structure (all inner rows) 2 Outer Cutting Structure (gauge row only)

In columns 1 and 2 a linear scale from 0 to 8 is used to describe the condition of the cutting structure according to the following:

STEEL TOOTH BITS - A measure of lost tool height due to abrasion and/or damage

0 No loss of tool height 8 Total loss of tool height

 $INSERT\ BITS\ -\ A\ measure\ of\ total\ cutting\ structure\ reduction\ due\ to\ lost,\ worn\ and/or\ broken\ inserts$ 

0 No lost, worn and/or broken inserts 8 All inserts lost, worn and/or broken

FIXED CUTTER BITS - A measure of lost, worn and/or broken cutting structures

- No lost, worn and/or broken cutting structures
- 8 All cutting structures lost, worn and/or broken

# 3 Dull Characteristics (use only cutting structure related codes)

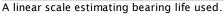
BC*	Broken Cone	FC	Flat Crested Wear	RG	Rounded Gauge
BF	Bond Failure	НС	Heat Checking	RO	Ring Out
ВТ	Broken Teeth/Cutters	JD	Junk Damage	SD	Shirt Tail Damage
BU	Balled Up Bit	LC*	Lost cone	SS	Self-Sharpening Wear
CC*	Cracked Cone	LN	Lost Nozzle	TR	Tracking
CD	Cone Dragged	LT	Lost Teeth/Cutters	wo	Washed Out Bit
CI	Cone Interference	ОС	Off-Center Wear	WT	Worn Teeth/Cutters
CR	Cored	РВ	Pinched Bit	NO	No Dull Characteristic
СТ	Chipped Teeth/Cutters	PN	Plugged Nozzle/Flow Pa	ssage	
ER	Erosion	*	Show cone # or #s unde	r location 4	

#### 4 Location

-	Locatio									
	Roller C	one		Fixed Cutter						
	N	Nose Row	Cone #	C	Cone	S	Shoulder			
	M	Middle Row	1	N	Nose	G	Gauge			
	G	Gauge Row	2	Т	Taper	Α	All Areas			
	Α	All Rows	3							

#### 5 Bearings/Seals

Non-Sealed Bearings	Sealed Bearings





Seals Effective



(0 No lit	fe used - 8 All life used (no bearing life	F remaining))	Seals Failed (Bearingless)
		N	Not Able to Grade
		X	Fixed Cutter Bit
6 Gaug	ge – measure in fractions of an inch		
1	In Gauge	2/16	1/8" Out of Gauge
1/16	1/16" Out of Gauge	4/16	1/4" Out of Gauge

# 7 Other Dull Characteristics – refer to column 3 codes

# 8 Reason Pulled or Run Terminated

ВНА	Change Bottom Hole Assembly	LIH	Left in Hole	HR	Hours on Bit
DMF	Downhole Motor Failure	RIG	Rig Repair	PP	Pump Pressure
DTF	Down Hole Tool Failure	CM	Condition Mud	PR	Penetration Rate
DSF	Drill String Failure	CP	Core Point	TD	Total Depth/Casing Depth
DST	Drill Stem Test	DP	Drill Plug	TQ	Torque
LOG	Run Logs	FM	Formation Change	TW	Twist Off
		HP	Hole Problems	WC	Weather Conditions

# IADC Roller Cone Comparison Chart

	/ LDC Rolle		1 Standard R o ller B earing			4 Sealed R o ller B earing		5 Sealed R o ller B earing Gauge P ro tected		6	6 Sealed F rictio n B earing		7				
			Standard	noaro k o ner B earing Sealed R o ller B earing			Sealed R o lier B earing Gauge P ro tected Sealed F riction B earing				Sealed F riction B earing Gauge P ro tected						
Series	Type	Formation	DBI H	DBI HughesSmithHDBSReed		DBI H ughes S	imith HDBSRee	DBH ughes Smith H D B S	Reed		DBI H ughes Smith	HDBSR eed	DBI	H ughes	Smith	HDBS	
	1		G110R R e e d	C111 DSJ	XN1 Y11	G11S GTX-1, S RC114	SDS	G11SH VG-1, GTX-G1, RC11 TCTI+		Ġ	IIF FDS	XS1 HP11	G11FH	VG-1, STX-1, RC117	XR+, FDS, TCTi+	XSC1, EBXS1, QH1	RT1G, TC10, TC11
	2		G120 R	C121 DTJ		G12S RC124		G12SH RC125		G	12F FDT		G12FH	RC127		QH2	
1	3	Steel Tooth Soft	G130 R	C131 DGJ	XN3 Y13	G13S GTX-3 I	MCG	G13SH VG-3, RC135 GGH	H+, MSDGH	G	13F RC136		G13FH	VG-3, RC137	MFDGH, FDGH	XS3, EBXS3, QH3	HP13G
	4												-				
	1	Steel Tooth M edium	G210 R	C211	XN4	G21S		G21SH RC215 SVH	1	G	21F RC216		G21FH	RC217	GFVH, FVH	XS4, EBXS4, QH4	HP21G
	2			OFM													
2	3					G23S		G23SH RC235		G	23F RC236		G23FH	RC237			
	4		-														
	1	Steel Tooth Hard	G310 G320		XN5	G31S		G31SH		G	31F		G31FH				
	2		F	RC321		G32S		G32SH		G	32F		G32FH				
3	3															QH7	
	4													RC347			
	1							VG-03, VG-03M, GSiG VGA-02, VGA-02M, GSO GTX-00, GTX-00H, GSO GTX-00M, GTX-03, Gi03 GTX-03H, RC415 GS0	01B, GS02B, EBX 02T, GS03B, (D) 3B, G04B,	D)00 to 05(D),T41 (T (D)00 to 05	RC416			VGA-03, GX-00, GX-03, GX-03H RC417	GFSi01, GFS04, GFS04B, MFS04, MFi04	XS(D)00 to 05(D), EBXS(D)00 05(D), QH02, QH03, QH05	toR01A, R03A
	2								06B, G08B, EBX	D)06 to 09(D), T42 KT(D)06 to 09(D)			G42FH		GF05, GF05B, GFi05B, GFSi06, MF05B	XS(D)06 to 09(D), EBXS(D)06 09(D), QH08, QH09	toR07A
4	3	Insert Very Soft						VGA-10, VGA-10G, G10B VGA-10M, VGA-11M, GSi GTX-09, GTX-09H, TCT: GTX-11H, RC435	12B, GSi12UB, EBX	D)10 to 13(D), EMS44H, T(D)10 to 13(D) T43				09C, GX-09H, STX-09H, GX-09N GX-11, GX-11C, GX-11M, RC43	F10, F10B, F12, F12Y, GF08B, I, GF10B, GFH10HB, GFS10B, I GF12T, XR12, MF10T, MFS10T, XR10T, TCT11, TCT12	13(D), QH10, QH12	toR09A, R12A, RD12
	4							GTX-12H, GTX-18H, M15 GTX-18CH	18B, GSi20B, EBXT(I iS, 15JS	D)14 to 17(D) T44 G11Y,				STX-18H, GX-18C F GF	I, FH16, FH16B, FHI18, MF15M, 15T, MF15B, MF19, GF15, GF15E 15Y, GFS15B, XR15, XR15T, XR115G	3,17(D), QH14, QH16	
5	1	Insert Soft						RC515 GSi2	B, 20GMS, 2JS, EBX 20B	(T(D)18 to 23(D) EMS51H, T51				21S, VGD-22S, GX-20, STX-20, STX-20G, GX-20H, STX-20H, GX 20M, GX-22, GX-22M, GX-22S, GX-23, GX-25, RC517	TCTi20	5,23(D), QH18, QH20, QH21, QH2 3,	2R23A, RD21
	2							GTX-28 G28	EBX	D)24 to 27(D), T52 (T(D)24 to 27(D)				VG-28, VGD-25, VGD-25S, VGD- 26, VGD-28, GX-20C, STX-20C, GX-20CH, GX-28, GX-28C, RC5;	GF26, F27, GFS28, FHi28, GFi28B, FHi29, FHi25, F26Y, 27 MF26Y, FHi24Y, F27A, F271Y, GF27Y, XR20TY	27(D), QH23, QH24, QH25, QH2	R24A, R25A, R26A, R27, R28A, 6, RD25

	3		G53SH	VG-30, VG-30HM, G30, GS30B, 3JS GTX-30, GTX-30H, GTX-33, RC535	XT(D)28 to 33(D), EMS53, EBXT(D)28 to 33(D) EMS53A, ETS53A, T53	(	,	/G-30, VG-30M, VGD-30M, VG- 35M, VGA-30, VGD-30, VGD-305 VGD-33, VGD-34, VGD-35, GX-3 STX-30, STX-30H, GX-30M, GX- FH30Y 30S, RC537	S, FHi31, FH32, GF30, GF30B, 0, GF30T, MF30T, XR30, XR32,	XS(D)28 to 33(D), EBXS(D)28 to JA53, R30, R30A, RD33 33(D), QH29, QH30, QH31, QH33
	4			GTX-30C, GTX33CG, RC545	XT(D)34 to 39(D), EBXT(D)34 to 39(D)		3	6, VGD-38CH, GX-30C, STX-	D- FHi35, GFi35, F30Y, F37Y, FHi37Y, FHi38Y, F39Y, GFi35Y( F37Y, XR30Y, XR35, XR35Y	XS(D)34 to 39(D), EBXS(D)34 to R34A, R35A ,39(D), Orb4, Orb6, Orb7, Orb8, Orb39
	1		G61SH	4JS	3, XT(D)40 to 45(D), ETS61A EBXT(D)40 to 45(D)		,			XS(D)40 to 45(D), EBXS(D)40 to R40, R40A 45(D), CH40, CH42, CH43, CH44, CH45
6	2	Insert	G62SH	GTX-40C, GTX-44C, RC615	XT(D)46 to 51(D), EMS62 EBXT(D)46 to 51(D)			/G-44C, STX-40C, GX-44C, STX 14C, GX-45, RC617	-F50, FHi50, FHi50Y, F46HY, F47HY, GF45Y, GF50Y, XR40Y, XR40YA, XR45Y, XR50	XS(D)46 to 51(D), EBXS(D)46 to JA62, R44A, R45, R48 51(D), QH47, QH48, QH50
•	3	M edium	G63SH		XT(D)52 to 59(D)			VG-50, VG-55M, VGD-50RG, STX50, STX-50R, GX-55, STX- 55, GX- 55RG	F57Y, F57HY, GF50YB, F50YA, XR50Y	XS(D)52 to 59(D), EBXS(D)52 to R50 59(D), QH55, QH57
	4				XT(D)61, 63, 67, 69(D)			VG-66, VGD-66, GX-66, STX-66, GX-68	F59Y, F59HY, F67Y, GF67Y, XRi65Y	XS(D)61, 63, 67, 69(D), EBXS(D)61, R60, R65 63, 67, 69(D), QH69
	1				XT(D)71, 73, 75(D)					XS(D)71, 73, 75(D), EBXS(D)71, 73, 75(D), QH67, QH69
7	2	Insert			XT(D)77, 79, 81(D)					
	3	Hard			XT(D)83, 85, 87, 89(D)			STX77	F7, XR68Y, XR68HY, XR70Y	XS(D)77, 79, 81(D), EBXS(D)77, R70 79, 81(D), QH79
	4				XT(D)91, 93(D)				XR75Y	XS(D)83, 85, 87, 89(D), EBXS(D)83, 85, 87, 89(D)
	Ľ				XT(D)95, 97(D)				F80Y, GF80Y, XR80Y	XS(D)91, 93(D), EBXS(D)91, 93(D), R80, R85 QH93
8	2	Insert Very			XT(D)99(D)				F85Y	XS(D)95, 97(D), EBXS(D)95, R90 97(D)
	3	Hard						/G-90M, STX-90, GX-95, GX98M, STX-99	F90Y, FHi90Y, XR90Y	XS(D)99(D), EBXS(D)99(D), QH99
	4									

#### **Blast Hole Drill Bits**

Since 1975 the Nashik plant has been manufacturing drill bits for the mining and petroleum industries, placing emphasis on product line expansion and technical advancements. The improvements made in blast hole drill bit cutting structures has resulted in higher rates of penetration and longer bit life and metallurgical advancements include new tougher grades of tungsten carbide for hardfacing and profiled TC inserts.

#### **Features**

#### **Air Circulation Systems**

All blast hole bits are manufactured with jet circulation. Compressed air is circulated through the system to cool and flush the matched precision bearings, to clean bit teeth and to remove cuttings from the hole. Jet circulation bits employ nozzles that direct the stream of air for optimum bottom-hole cleaning without a sand-blasting effect on the cutting structure. Nozzles are available in many sizes to meet the requirements of the customer's compressor.

#### **Cutting Structure**

The cutting structure configurations of each blast hole bit is engineered to meet the most extreme drilling conditions for which the bit is intended. Designs include mechanical considerations such as the pitch or spacing of teeth. Metallurgical considerations include appropriate variations in the heat treatment and use of special alloys.

Connection

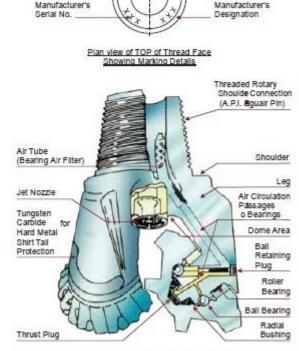
# **Bearings**

The bearing structure in blast hole bits provides balanced load distribution that ensures a long, trouble-free life capable of withstanding the heaviest drilling conditions. The balanced triple-bearing arrangement used in mounting the cones on the legs reduces friction to a minimum and eliminates unbalanced wear on any one of the bearings. Bearings are automatically matched to close tolerances to ensure equal loading. The outer and inner bearings support only the radial load. The ball bearing which retains the cutters on the legs along with the thrust spindle resists the longitudinal thrust loads and provides additional support for radial loads.

# **Shirt Tail Protection**

Shirt tail protection is provided on all blast hole bits to retard the rate of wear caused by the regrinding of cuttings. This feature reduces the danger of wearing away the shirt tail which as protection for the bearings. Tungsten carbide hardfacing is applied on the shirt tail to provide super abrasion resistance.

**Blast Hole Drill Bits** (air circulation bits)



Milled Tooth Blast Hole Drill BIT Nomenclature



# Milled Tooth Bits



IADC Co	de Type	Weight (lb/in	bit RPM F	formation dia	ımeter)
12	1 G	112M	1,000-3,000	50-200	Soft
22	1 G	322M	1,000-5,000	50-150	Medium Hard to Hard
32	1 G	i32M	3,000-7,000	40-100	Hard

Available Sizes: 6-1/4", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12-1/4"

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	IADC Code	Туре	Weight (lb/in bit diameter)	RPM	Formation
-	533	G53M	2,000-3,000	65-150	Soft
-	623	G62M	3,000-6,000	65-90	Medium Hard to Hard
Tun	gsten Carbide	Insert Bits			
	723	G72M	4,000-7,000	65-90	Hard to Very Hard
	813	G81M	5,000-8,000	65-90	Very Hard

Available Sizes: 6-1/4", 8-1/2", 9-7/8", 10-5/8", 12-1/4"

# Tips for Top **Performance**

The suggested bit weights and rotational speeds 2. shown in this catalogue are for guideline purposes short only. Initial testing is usually necessary to find the the most

drilling at reduced weight and speed for a bit weight and RPM that results in period.

Always maintain drilling air pressure at

It is always recommended to break in a new bit by

- economical cost per meter penetration. appropriate levels.
- 3. Always open air valves before the bit collars the hole and keep air on until the bit is out of hole.
- 5. Always make up and break out the bit carefully.
- 7. Always guard against dropping the bit and drill string. Dropping may cause damage to cones and/or bearings.
- Always maintain as high a pressure drop as possible across the bit air courses in wet holes, or where water injection is used for dust control.
- 8. Always inspect the bit after each hole and test for uniform cone temperature to make sure none of the air courses to the bearings are obstructed.
- 9. Always use straight drill steel with properly maintained threaded connections. A bent drill steel can often cause premature bit failure. been idle, make sure all cones turn freely by hand.
  - Always clean the bit before an idle period by passing air through it while rotating the cutters by hand. Immediately before reusing a bit that has



# Air Pressure and Bailing Velocity

	each	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2600	2800	3000	
<b>.</b>	5/16	45	55	65	75	84																				5/16
0	3/8	36	46	54	64	72	81																			3/8
-3/4	7/16	30	37	44	51	60	68	76	82																	7/16
	1/2	26	32	36	44	51	57	64	70	76	82															1/2
	1/2	26	32	30	44	51	57	04	70	76	02															1/2
	9/16	21	26	32	37	44	50	54	59	65	70	76	82													9/16
	3/8	30	39	48	58	69	78	86																		3/8
-3/8	7/16	24	31	38	45	52	58	66	72	78	84															7/16
-3/6	7710	24	31	30	45	32	56	00	12	76	04															///
0	1/2		24	30	36	42	48	54	62	70	79	87														1/2
-7/8	9/16			23	29	35	40	46	52	58	64	70	76	82												9/16
	F/0				24	20	24	20	44	50			0.5	74	70	00										F.10
	5/8				24	29	34	39	44	50	55	60	65	71	76	82										5/8
	11/16					23	28	32	37	42	47	53	58	63	68	74	80									11/1
	3/4						24	28	32	37	40	44	50	54	58	63	68	73	78	82						3/4
	3/8	29	39	49	57	65	73	80																		3/8
	7/16	22	30	38	45	53	61	68	75	82																7/16
)	1/2		24	30	36	42	48	56	63	69	74	80														1/2
0	9/16			23	29	35	41	46	52	57	62	67	71	76	81											9/16
-7/8	5/8				22	28	35	39	44	49	52	54	61	65	69	73	77	81								5/8
	11/16					23	27	32	37	42	46	50	54	57	61	65	69	73	77	81						11/1
	3/4						22	25	29	34	39	43	44	50	53	57	60	64	67	71	74	78	82			3/4
	7/8								23	27	29	33	35	38	41	44	47	49	52	55	58	61	66	72	78	7/8
	1											22	24	26	28	31	33	36	38	41	43	45	50	55	60	1



	21	26	30 26 22	30	34 28	46 37 30	50 41 34	55 45 37	59 49 41	63 53	68 58 49	73 62 52	78 66	70	75							9/16
		22																				9/16
			22	25	28	30	34	37	41	45	49											
											40	52	56	60	64	67	71	75				5/8
					23	26	29	32	35	38	41	45	48	51	55	58	61	65	69	73		11/16
						22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	45	48	51	54	57	60	64	68	3/4
							20	22	24	26	28	30	31	33	36	38	40	43	45	47	50	7/8
												20	22	24	26	28	30	32	36	40	44	1
															20	22	24	28	30	32	34	1-1/8
																		20	22	26	28	1-1/4
													20	20 22	20 22 24				20 22 24 28	20 22 24 28 30	20 22 24 28 30 32	20 22 24 28 30 32 34



Bit Size	6	6-1/4	7-3/8	7-7/8	9	9-7/8	10-5/8	12-1/4	15
	732	909	1149	1358	1875	-	-	-	-
-5/8	629	807	1047	1255	1773	-	-	-	-
	513	691	931	1139	1657	-	-	-	-
	383	561	602	1010	1528	1978	2397	3411	-
		418	658	867	1384	1835	2254	3268	-
			418	626	1144	1594	2013	3027	-
				495	1012	1463	1882	2896	-
					873	1323	1742	2756	-
					571	1022	1441	2455	-
						631	1050	2064	-
_							870	1884	-

# **Additional Information** (air circulation bits)

#### Nozzle Size Selection Procedure

- 1. Establish the approximate air delivery volume and operating pressure for the air compressor used. The condition of the compressor, efficiency and altitude should be taken into consideration when estimating these values.
- 2. Ten (10) psi should be subtracted from the above operating pressure for pressure loss through the surface equipment and drill steel between the compressor and bit. This becomes the corrected air pressure.
- 3. From the table choose the "Air Volume Delivered" column nearest to the volume established in step 1.
- 4. Proceed down the correct "Air Volume Delivered" column to the proper "Bit Size Range" for the bit being used.
- 5. Select the smallest nozzle size within a given bit size range that can be used without exceeding the corrected air pressure delivered to the bit.



#### Example 1

a. Bit size: 12-1/4"

b. Air volume delivered: 1,800 cfm

c. Compressor operating pressure: 75 psi

d. Corrected air pressure: 65 psi (75-10)

From table select three 9/16 jet nozzles (62 psi)

#### Example 2

a. Bit size: 9-7/8"

b. Air volume delivered: 1,600 cfm

c. Compressor operating pressure: 60 psi

d. Corrected air pressure: 50 psi (60-10) From table select three 3/4 jet nozzles (50 psi)

#### Bailing the Blast Hole with Air

In order for a blast hole drill bit to perform at its best, it must work on a clean hole bottom. Air velocity is what moves the cuttings from the hole. Years of blast hole drilling experience have shown that a velocity of 5,000 feet per minute is the optimum for cleaning a blast hole in all but the very heaviest ores. Because blast holes are relatively shallow, friction losses and the weight of the material in suspension are virtually negligible. Therefore the simple formula Q=AV can be applied to determine what volume flow of air (Q) is necessary to give the desired velocity (V). (A) is the area of the hole through which the cuttingsladen air flows. This area is the area of the hole less the area filled by the drill stem. The accompanying table gives the delivered air volume necessary to provide a bailing velocity of 5,000 per minute. This volume is calculated for the most common bit and pipe sizes. For very heavy ores, this volume will have to be increased in order to yield the optimum cleaning efficiency.

#### Water Well Drill Bits

#### **Product Features**

# **Circulation System**

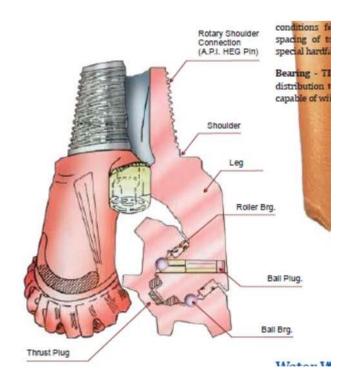
Water well bits are manufactured with full water course circulation. For this purpose, bits 5-5/8" and smaller are provided with a center hole for circulation and bits larger than 5-5/8" are provided with three side MS nozzles and a center hole

# **Cutting Structure**

The cutting structure configuration of water well bits is designed to meet the most extreme drilling conditions for which the bit is intended. This includes spacing of teeth, appropriate heat treatment and use of special hardfacing deposition on the teeth.

#### **Bearing**

The bearing structure provides a balanced load distribution that ensures a long, trouble-free life, and being capable of withstanding the heaviest drilling conditions.





# **Water Well Bit Availability**

Formation	IADC Code	Туре	Bit Size (inch)
Soft	111, 121, 131, 113, 123, 133	G110. G120,.G130, G110H, G120H, G130H	5-5/8, 5-7/8, 6, 6-1/4
Medium Hard	211, 231, 623, 213, 233	G210, G230, G620H, G210H, G230H	6-3/4, 7-7/8, 8-3/8, 8- 1/2, 8-3/4, 9-7/8, 10- 5/8, 12-1/4, 13-3/4
Hard	311, 321, 313, 323	G310, G320, G310H, G320H	14, 16, 17-1/2



# **Packing and Weight Data**

D:: 0:		Standard API Pin Shank Size			D Div			
Bit Size inch	mm	inch	kg	(approx)	Box Dimensions inch	cm	cubic ft	cubic m
4-1/2		2-3/8	5.5	12.0	9-1/2 x 13 x 13			
,-	114.30					24.1 x 33 x 33	0.929	
6	152.40	3-1/2	16.0	35.0	15 x 10-1/2 x 10-1/2	38.1 x 26.7 x 26.7	0.957	0.027
6-1/4	158.80	3-1/2	16.0	35.0	15 x 10-1/2 x 10-1/2	38.1 x 26.7 x 26.7	0.957	0.027
7-7/8	200.00	4-1/2	33.0	73.0	19 x 13 x 13	48.3 x 33 x 33	1.858	0.053
8-3/8	212.70	4-1/2	37.0	83.0	19 x 13 x 13	48.3 x 33 x 33	1.858	0.053
8-1/2	215.90	4-1/2	38.0	85.0	19 x 13 x 13	48.3 x 33 x 33	1.858	0.053
8-5/8	219.00	4-1/2	38.0	85.0	19 x 13 x 13	48.3 x 33 x 33	1.858	0.053
8-3/4	222.20	4-1/2	39.0	87.0	19 x 13 x 13	48.3 x 33 x 33	1.858	0.053
9-7/8	250.80	6-5/8	59.0	130.0	20 x14-1/8 x 14-1/8	50.8 x 35.9 x 35.9	2.309	0.066
10-5/8	269.80	6-5/8	70.0	155.0	20-1/2 x 14-7/8 x 14-7/8	52.1 x37.8 x 37.8	2.624	0.074
12	304.80	6-5/8	91.0	200.0	21-1/2 x 16-1/2 x 16-1/2	54.6 x 41.9 x 41.9	3.387	0.096
12-1/4	311.20	6-5/8	95.0	210.0	21-1/2 x 16-1/2 x 16-1/2	54.6 x 41.9 x 41.9	3.387	0.096
13-3/4	349.25	6-5/8	140.0	308.0	22-1/2 x 18 x18	57.2 x 45.7 x 45.7	4.218	0.120
14-3/4	374.65	6-5/8 or 7-5/8	150.0	330.0	23-1/2 x 19-1/2 x 19-1/2	59.7 x 49.5 x 49.5	5.169	0.146
16	406.40	6-5/8 or 7-5/8	225.0	496.0	27 x 20-1/2 x 20-1/2	68.6 x 52.1 x 52.1	6.563	0.186
17	431.80	6-5/8 or 7-5/8	238.0	525.0	27 x 22 x 22	68.6 x 55.9 x 55.9	7.562	0.214
17-1/2	444.50	6-5/8 or 7-5/8	250.0	550.0	27 x 22 x 22	68.6 x 55.9 x 55.9	7.562	0.214

# **Contact Information**

# **Head Office**

# **Drilbits International Private Limited**

Registered Office and Plant: Plot No. 66 MIDC Estate, Satpur, Nashik - 422 007, Maharashtra State, India T +91 253 2994600 M +91 9890928801 (Tushar Paul) M +91 7278136867 (Ritesh Kumar Verma) E tpaul@drilbits.com, raijadhav@drilbits.com